

# Informetric Audit Trail Reporting 12209-0296-0

12209-0296-0 Page 1 of 8

# Informetric Audit Trail Reporting

Introduction	3
Data Sources	4
Architecture	5
Report Generation Strategies	5
Example Record Types	
Configuration Version Control	
User Control Actions	
Parameter Changes	
Equipment Events	
Equipment Maintenance and Calibration Records	7
Project Planning and Implementation	8

# Introduction

Manufacturers subject to Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP) are required to document system modifications as well as operational changes that could affect electronic records. This information is generally aggregated from multiple automation and manufacturing information systems.

For example, FDA data integrity guidance states "audit trail means a secure, computer-generated, time-stamped electronic record that allows for reconstruction of the course of events relating to the creation, modification, or deletion of an electronic record."

FDA guidance further states that personnel responsible for record review should likewise review audit trail records, at a frequency consistent with record review. As a result, audit trail records must be reviewed after each significant step in manufacturing, processing, packing, or holding, as well as prior to batch release.

Audit trail reporting can be challenging in that information must be aggregated from multiple systems. In addition, there are tradeoffs between ensuring that all appropriate changes are reported in the audit trail while omitting records that are not relevant to make the review process manageable.

Informetric Audit Trail Reporting incorporates modules from InfoBatch™ batch reporting and, where necessary, AgileDoc® lifecycle management software to ensure that audit records reflect all events related to the electronic batch records. InfoBatch provides the batch context that is required to relate relevant audit records, while AgileDoc enables system design to be logically connected to manufacturing history.

12209-0296-0 Page 3 of 8

### **Data Sources**

Each site must perform an assessment to identify systems that should be associated with the audit trail. The following systems are typical sources for the audit trail related to electronic batch records.

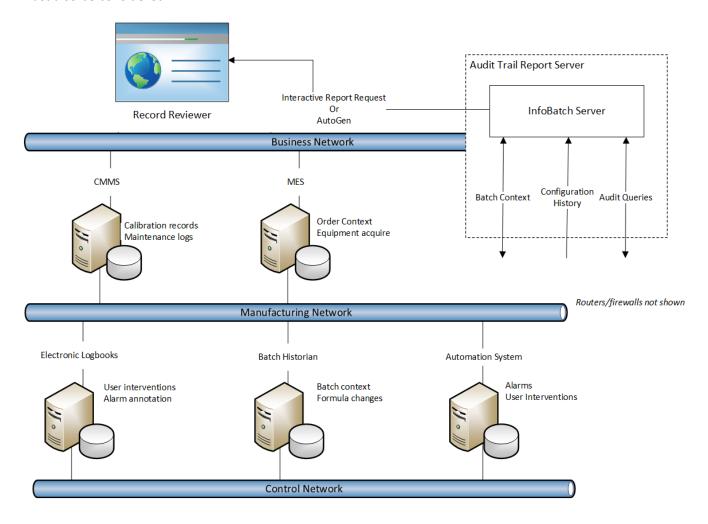
- Manufacturing Execution System (MES)
- Automation System
- Batch Historian
- Alarm and Event Chronicle
- Electronic Logbooks
- Continuous Historian
- Calibration and Maintenance Management System (CMMS)
- Asset Management System (AMS)

The actual systems required for the audit trail will vary from site to site. For example, if electronic records rely on parameter and event information from the MES and batch historian, continuous historian audit records may not be required.

12209-0296-0 Page 4 of 8

### **Architecture**

A report server is deployed on a physical server or virtual machine. The system architecture is primarily determined by the data sources that must be accessed by the report server. Firewalls and edge devices may have to be configured to enable the required access. User access to audit trail reports, whether generated on-demand through a web client or viewed through automatically generated PDF documents, must also be considered.



# **Report Generation Strategies**

Audit trail reports may be reviewed in conjunction with batch release or periodically based on the nature of the audit records. For example, formula changes may be reviewed in conjunction with batch execution, while equipment calibration would likely be evaluated monthly. Most sites will employ a hybrid approach that encompasses batch review where possible, augmented by periodic monitoring of records that cannot be associated with a specific batch.

12209-0296-0 Page 5 of 8

# **Example Record Types**

An assessment should be performed to identify configuration and runtime changes that must be reported on the audit trail. Some representative samples are as follows:

#### **User Control Actions**

Manual user interventions associated with equipment acquired by the batch executive are queried from the automation system HMI event chronicle.

#### **User Interventions**

Timestamp	User	Area	Unit	Module	Action
11-Oct-2019 15:43:07	JSMITH	Media Prep	TK-1100	TK 1100 Outlet Valve	DEC2/SP_D.CV OPEN
11-Oct-2019 15:52:13	JSMITH	Media Prep	TK-1100	TK 1100 Outlet Valve	DEC2/SP_D.CV CLOSE

## **Parameter Changes**

Modifications to the bills of materials, formulas and workflow activities are queried from the MES and batch historian databases.

#### **Workflow Activity Parameter Changes**

Timestamp	User	Operation	Parameter	Action
11-Oct-2019 09:43:07	JSMITH	OP_FILT_TIME_INTERVAL	Filtration Interval Time	Value changed from 200 to 480

## **Configuration Version Control**

Configuration changes relevant to batch equipment are queried from the automation system version control database.

#### MIX\_TANK

#### **Audit History**

Timestamp	User	Version	Action	Comment
11-Oct-2019 10:48:03	JSMITH	1.0	Check out	Automatic checkout
11-Oct-2019 13:42:07	JSMITH	2.0	Check in	Modified as per ACC# 11910-0214-1
11-Oct-2019 13:45:12	JSMITH	2.0	Download	Begin Download: 10/11/2018 1:45:12 PM Item: MIX_TANK End Download: 10/11/2018 1:45:12 PM

## **Equipment Events**

Equipment events can combine critical routine process steps as well as atypical events. The former provides context and assurance that the equipment was operating correctly, while the later highlights exceptions that could impact system and product integrity.

Routine process steps include the acquisition of equipment required to produce a batch, as well as key cycle start/stop events.

12209-0296-0 Page 6 of 8

Atypical events could include alarms associated with equipment utilized in the production of a batch, as well as corresponding user acknowledgements/interventions.

<b>Equipment Details</b>								
Equipment ID	1401	1401						
Equipment Class	Chromatography	Chromatography Equipment Description Chrom Skid						
Equipment Scan Time	16-Nov-2021 10:18:47	Equipment Use End	18-Nov-2021 14:23:11					
Audit Record Details								
Event	Details	User	Timestamp					
Cycle Started	Column prep initiated by user informetric/jsmith at computer ISI-SUMMIT-0173	informetric/jsmith	16-Nov-2021 16:10:29					
Alarm	Pressure PT1401 High Alarm 0.64 bar (0.60) - Occurred at time 11/16/2021 9:04:40 PM -04:00	System	16-Nov-2021 21:04:41					
Alarm Acknowledged	Pressure PT1401 High Alarm 0.64 bar (0.60) - Occurred at time 11/16/2021 9:04:40 PM -04:00 has been acknowledged	informetric/jsmith	16-Nov-2021 21:05:39					

# **Equipment Maintenance and Calibration Records**

Instrument calibration and equipment calibration records from a Calibration and Maintenance Management System (CMMS) demonstrate that equipment is maintained according to GMP standards. Alternatively, if CMMS records are not readily available, Electronic Logbooks can be utilized to capture maintenance activity.

## **Logbook Entries**

Activity	Activity Details		Logged By		
Clean Expired	N/A		system	01-Oct-2021 00:15:00	
	Work Request	WR-12110001			
Calibration	Instrument	PT1401	John Smith	01-Oct-2021	
Calibration	Out of Cal	No	John Sinici	09:35:07	
	PASS/FAIL	PASS			
	Performed By	Jane Green			
	Date Performed	01-Oct-2021 07:36:05			
Pre Use Clean	Order Number	12110-02001	Joseph Jones	02-Oct-2021 23:43:09	
Use	Order Number	12110-02002	John Smith	03-Oct-2021	
	Lot Number	A0010-12110-001		01:32:44	
	Product Code	A0010			
	Quantity	200.0 L			
End Use	Order Number	12110-02002	system	03-Oct-2021	
	Lot Number	A0010-12110-001		21:11:34	
	Product Code	A0010			
	Quantity	200.0 L			

12209-0296-0 Page 7 of 8

# **Project Planning and Implementation**

Audit trail reporting requires coordination across multiple functional roles to ensure that compliance requirements are met within the constraints of the site's manufacturing and information systems. Compliance, Quality Assurance and Operations teams are likely to contribute during the requirements gathering phase of a project, while Automation and Information Technology teams will play a key role in deploying the solution.

A top-down approach is advisable to specifying the requirements:

- 1. Specify actions/record types that should be reviewed in conjunction with batch release.
- 2. Identify records that can be associated with specific batches.
- 3. Identify records that cannot be associated with a batch and as a result should be subject to periodic review.
- 4. Identify the source system that is associated with each record type.
- 5. Define the data models for aligning and organizing the audit records. For example, batch review may use the S88 procedural model for records that are associated with recipe execution.

Informetric can assist sites by evaluating existing manufacturing systems and recommending a path forward to achieve compliance in a timely and cost-efficient manner.

12209-0296-0 Page 8 of 8